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SOURCE Newspapers as indicated.

PRINCE TE AND FOLLOWERS  
OPPOSED TO COMMUNISM

KMT BACKS PRINCE TE -- Hong Kong Shih-pao, 18 Apr 50

Taihoku, 17 April -- The KMT government has indicated that it will render psychological and material support to Prince Te (Te Wang) in his continued fight against Communism in Inner Mongolia and that it is considering means to augment his weapons and materiel. Prince Te has consistently demonstrated his loyalty to the government. For years he has led his followers and the people of Inner Mongolia in constant operations against the Communist Army in the Wu-la-shan and Po-yen-hu-t'u-mu areas. Although their position in the area is difficult, he and his followers have pledged firm resistance to Communism.

Prince Te and his group have been very successful in working with the anti-Communist military and civilian people of Northwest Tsinghai to facilitate the Nationalist Army counterattacks on the mainland. Chao-na-su-t'u (1) [numbers refer to appended characters] and Wu-lo-chi-po-yen (2) have arrived in Taiwan as official representatives of Prince Te and, for several days, have been meeting with various officials. On 17 April, they held an interview with Wang Shih-chieh (3) Secretary General of the Presidential Office, and it is reported that President Chiang will hold an interview with them.

In a report to the press, Chao stated that he and his party are about to return to Inner Mongolia. He said his purpose in making this trip to Taiwan was not only to report to the officials on the status of Inner Mongolia's fight against Communism, under the leadership of Prince Te, and on present and future operational policies, but also to stress the need for material assistance and to express the hope that the people of all areas would support them in spirit as well. He stated that anti-Communist sentiment was running very high among the military and civilian populace of Inner Mongolia and that the detachments under Prince Te's leadership would take advantage of the deserts, mountains, and every strategic terrain feature to deal with the Communist Army.

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Although the Communists employ such slogans as "Inner Mongolia Ruled by Inner Mongolians" and deceive the people by setting up a spurious People's Autonomous Government at Wu-lan, according to Chao, the people of Inner Mongolia are gradually discovering that Communism is not properly suited to their traditional way of life. They are unimpressed by the Communist line, which only raises their feelings of antagonism, he said, and except a few people who have been duped by the Communists, the majority of Mongolians remain warmly devoted to their ancestral nation and to the tradition and culture of Inner Mongolia. He added that all the people of Inner Mongolia share common feelings with their brothers everywhere and expressed the hope that the government would make every attempt to return to the mainland.

CONDUCTS CEREMONIES HONORING GENGHIS KHAN -- Hong Kong Wen-hui Pao, 26 May 50

Kuei-sui, 25 May (Hsin-hua) -- The People's government of the I-k'o-chao League of the Autonomous District of Inner Mongolia, on 7 May 1950, led a crowd of over 2,000 persons in elaborate sacrificial ceremonies in honor of Genghis Khan. To strengthen friendly ties between the Mongolians and Chinese, during the ensuing week theatrical performances, motion-picture shows, and exhibits of pictures and charts pertaining to agricultural and pastoral industry were held. A rural market which drew merchants from all the neighboring provinces was also conducted. The Mongolians, in exchange for their skins, furs, and salt, purchased a great variety of daily necessities.

#### CHARACTERS

1. 雄那蘇圖
2. 吳洛吉伯彥
3. 王世杰

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